

## Chapter 6

### Problem 1.

Derive a stable coprime factorization of the system with an inner denominator

$$T(s) = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Step 1:

$$T(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 - 3s + 2}$$

Choose  $F = [a \ b]$ , and  $A + BF$  must be Hurwitz matrix.

$$\text{If } F = [-6 \ -12] \Rightarrow A + BF = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -12 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The eigenvalues of  $A + BF$  are  $[-1 \ -2] < 0$ .

Hence,  $A + BF$  is Hurwitz.

Step 2:

$$M(s) = \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} \frac{A + BF}{F} & \frac{BW}{W} \end{array} \right], \quad N(s) = \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} \frac{A + BF}{C + DF} & \frac{BW}{DW} \end{array} \right]$$

As  $W$  is invertible, choose  $W = 1$ .

Hence,

$$M = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} -5 & -12 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ \hline -6 & -12 & 1 \end{array} \right] = \frac{s^2 - 3s + 2}{s^2 + 3s + 2},$$

$$N = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} -5 & -12 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] = \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 2}.$$